Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets – use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed – you should take particular care with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression, on these questions.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
Answer ALL questions.

Look carefully at the background information and Sources A to G in the Sources Booklet and then answer Questions 1 to 5 which follow.

1 Study Source A.

What can you learn from Source A about the problems of treating wounded British soldiers during the First World War?

(6)
2 Study Source B.

What impression has the artist tried to give of the treatment of wounded soldiers in the First World War? Explain your answer, using Source B.
3 Study Sources A, B and C.

How far do Sources A, B and C suggest that the treatment of casualties was successful? Explain your answer, using Sources A, B and C.

(10)
4 Study Sources D and E.

Which of Sources D or E is more useful to the historian enquiring into the problems experienced by surgeons when dealing with battlefield casualties during the First World War? Explain your answer, using Sources D and E.

(10)
(Total for Question 4 = 10 marks)
*5 Study Sources E, F and G and use your own knowledge.

‘The First World War led to major improvements in surgical methods and techniques’.

How far do you agree with this statement? Use your own knowledge, Sources E, F and G and any other sources you find helpful to explain your answer.

(16)